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Konare, and Kalovovo have delivered only one percent of their grain quotas. Bolyarino and Voyseil have delivered no grain at all. These deficiencies are due to educational failures by Fatherland Front officials.

So far, quota fulfillment are from poor and middle farms. The rich farms do not do the planting they should. Thus, for example, in Kalekovets village some farmers have finished threshing and have 3 - 4 tons of grain on their hands, but have not brought in a single kernel.

Popov, 5 Aug 1949 -- Threshing continues. Cereal grains are being collected at 47 temporary collection centers and three permanent warehouses. So far, the following amounts of grain have been received in the form of quota fulfillments, grinding fees, and returned seed: 267,419 kilograms of wheat, 367 [sic] kilograms of rye, 13,720 kilograms of barley, and 2,590 kilograms of oats.

Quota fulfillments have been unsatisfactory and measures are being taken to expedite grain collections.

Ikhtiman, 5 Aug 1949 -- The farm workers' cooperatives in Zhirkovo and Ikhtiman villages were the first to complete their harvests. Threshing is in full progress. From an area of 22 decarees sown to flax, 11,880 kilograms were obtained, an average of 540 kilograms per decare. So far, the threshed wheat has amounted to 330 kilograms per decare.

STRESSES IMPORTANCE OF QUOTA DELIVERIES -- Rabotnichesko Delo, No 207, 6 Aug 49

It is of primary importance to expedite grain quota deliveries to the state. The harvest has been completed in 32 grain-producing okoliya, and 40 percent of the threshing is done, but only 2 percent of the grain quota has been delivered to the state.

The rows of this year's quota was well received; the quota exempted 52 percent of the farmers. In many okoliya, quotas have been reduced by 23 percent - 70 percent.

Chief reasons for delivery failures are kulak influence, negligence of Party organizations, which should buy up grain quotas on the threshing floor rather than waiting for farmers to deliver them. Inexperience of representatives of the Administration of Grain Supply, and failure of these representatives to instruct farmers in their responsibilities.

HARVESTING 91 PERCENT COMPLETE -- Zemedelsko Zname, No 900, 6 Aug 49

According to the Ministry of Agriculture, by 5 August harvesting for the whole country was 91.7 percent complete and removal of stubble 45.3 percent complete. On farm workers' collectives the harvest is 95 percent complete; removal of stubble 91.5 percent. On farm workers' cooperatives the harvest is 95 percent finished; clearing of stubble, 91.5 percent. On state farms the harvest is 99.6 percent complete; clearing, 92.7 percent. Forty seven okoliya in the entire country have completed their harvests.

Dobrich, 5 Aug 1949 -- The harvest in this okoliya is almost finished. Farm workers' collectives have reaped all their grain and have begun threshing rapidly. So far, 300 tons of grain have been threshed. Paskalevo, Plachi Dol, Balik, Slavevo, and other villages are leading in the threshing. Collection of grain quotas is under way. All storehouses of the Administration of Grain Supply in the okoliya are in readiness, and stewards for the collection of grain have been appointed.

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Vidin, 5 Aug 1949 -- Farms here are at the same time energetically clearing stubble, threshing, and bringing grain quotas into the warehouses of the Administration of Grain Supply. So far, 99,457 decare have been cleared, and 40 villages have completed their threshing.

Plovdiv, 5 Aug 1949 -- Threshing is completely finished in Perushtitsa, Markovo, Brezovo, Glavata, and other villages. Collection, however, is lagging, with wheat only 6 percent, barley 6 percent, and rye 8 percent. In Boljarsko and Vozila villages no quotas have been collected; Denkovski village contributed only 500 kilograms of grain, and Stryama village, 800 kilograms.

Asenovgrad, 5 Aug 1949 -- Along with high-speed threshing, grain quotas are also being collected throughout the okoliya. Agencies of the Administration of Grain Supply are operating efficiently. Cherven village is leading in grain collection. Cheshnegirovo and Zlatovrukh villages are also fulfilling their grain delivery quotas successfully, but Bogdanovtsi, Malevo, and Boljarski villages are lagging inexcusably, and the local committees of the Fatherland Front will be obliged to take steps. Along with grain deliveries, the farms are returning some of the seed received in autumn for sowing.

GRAIN COLLECTIONS DEFICIENT -- Izgrev, No 1490, 6 Aug 49

The entire country is now engaged in threshing. The okoliya of Khaskovo, Pleven, Stara Zagora, Chirpan, and Pavlikeni are in the lead.

Kula, 5 Aug 1949 -- Threshing is in full progress throughout the entire okoliya. Kalenik and Topolovets villages have already completed their harvests, and Vodno village is finishing up. The farm workers' cooperative in Psedertsi village leads in the harvesting, and the yield, 160 kilograms per decare, is astonishing for this area.

So far, the okoliya have fulfilled 95 percent of their quotas, as Rabrovo village gave 45 tons, Gramada village 53 tons, etc.

Threshing is being finished in more than 20 villages of the plains area of the okoliya, and will continue until 8 August in the mountain region. Collection of grain quotas is proceeding well here; this morning 16 trucks loaded with grain for the quotas arrived at Turnovo village from the village of Mariyno.

Vidin, 5 Aug 1949 -- So far, 38 percent of the required grain quota has been collected in the okoliya.

Plovdiv, 5 Aug 1949 -- Threshing in the okoliya is progressing rapidly; 45 percent of all grains have been threshed. Belozem, Kaloyanovo, and Golyamo Konare villages are lagging in grain production; only one percent of the quotas have been collected there. The chief causes are inadequate mass educational work and negligence of agricultural councils and other responsible persons.

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